





Chara	acterist	ics of Crime Patterns	
	Question	Sub-questions	
	Who?	Offender and victim/target characteristics	
	How?	Modus operandi, signature	
	Why?	Causal factors, motivations, correlates	
4			CRIME ANALYSTS

Offender Characteristics

 HARD
 SOFT

 • DNA/Fingerprints
 • Clothing

 • Sex
 • Cali Hair

 • Age
 • Facial Hair

 • Nationality
 • Hair Color

 • Nationality
 • Hair Stele

 • Height
 • Cocupation

 • Weight
 • Build





6

5





Offender - Disorganized

- Spur-of-the-Moment Assaults
- Property Crimes (e.g., vandalism, petty theft)
- Sexual AssaultRobberies (often with violence)
- Domestic Violence
- Crimes of Passion
- Substance-Related Crimes (e.g., drug
- possession)
- Property Damage (e.g., vandalism, graffiti)Disturbances and Public Disorder Offenses
- (e.g., disorderly conduct)

8

7



9



 Burglary Example

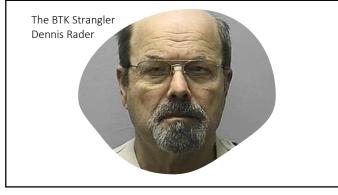
 Burglary I

 • Burglary I

11







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13



Offender - Organized

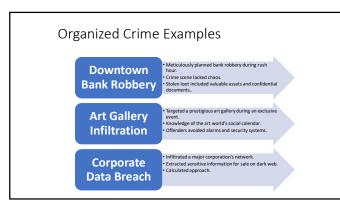
- White-Collar Crimes (e.g., embezzlement, fraud)
 Burglaries (planned break-ins)
 Serial Killings
 Cybercrimes (e.g., hacking, data breaches)
 Kidnapping (often for ransom)
 Armed Robberies (with careful planning)
 Drug Trafficking (sex and labor)
 Terrorism
 Gang.Related Crimes (e.g., drug distribution)
 Corporate Espionage
 Money Laundering







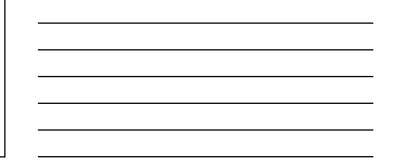


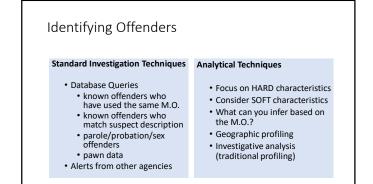




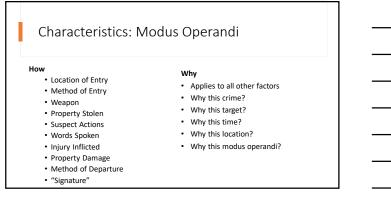
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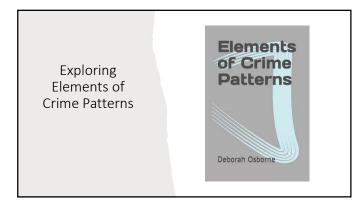




20



21



Thefts from Vehicles

- Perpetrators: often drug addicts needing quick cash, sometimes juveniles Victims: owners of parked cars Locations: driveways, parking lots, parks, schools, churches, sporting events, concerts, shopping malls/plazas, may target places repeatedly Times: any time of day, at night when people are sleeping, in weather when people stay inside Entry/Approach Methods: suspects often approach and flee on foot although other transportation cannot be ruled out Tools: pring tools, spark plugs to break window, rocks, bricks Vehicles/Transportation Routes: may break-in cars near routes that provide a quick getaway Stolen Goods: purce, wallet, laptop, change, conis, GPS, statellite radio, stereo, glove compartment contents (any sort of valuables in vehicle), musical instrument, sporting equipment, glfts Method: usually a smash and grab smash a car window and grab any valuables, may pry door or open lock, flees with portable items, may open trunk as well Motive: guick cash items that can be sold easily or traded for drugs Query terms: glove compartment, GPS, car stereo, cut wires, broken window, rock, brick, spark plug, change (coins), broke, lock, lock, smash :
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- :
- 60% of the crimes of this type in your area make a agency officers and nearby jurisdictions and help th ke a portfolio dia or sign (

23

Car Jacking (Robbery)

- · Perpetrators: Suspects in need of transportation, gang members.
- · Victims: Innocent persons, sometimes related to drug activities.
- Locations: Urban areas, intersections, gas stations, parking lots. • Times: Various times of day.
- Entry/Approach Methods: Bumping cars, hiding, attacking.
- Weapons: Often involve guns.
- Stolen Goods: Vehicles, sometimes personal belongings.
- Motive: Obtain a vehicle, power, escape, or commit other crimes. Method: Often violent, may involve kidnapping, sexual assault, or murder.
- Query Terms: vehicle, car, robbery, carjacked, carjacking, etc.

24

Bank Robberies

- Perpetrators: Variety, from inexperienced to professional, alone or in teams.
- Victims: Financial institutions, banks, credit unions.
- Locations: Inside banks, ATMs.
- Times: Vary, but often follow patterns.
- Entry/Approach Methods: Staking out, targeting banks with easy escape routes.
- Weapons: Notes with threats, sometimes guns.
- Stolen Goods: Cash, often with dye-packs.
- Method: May case banks, wear disguises, force victims, jump over counters.
- Motive: Cash.
- Query Terms: bank, credit union, safe, alarm, vault, etc.
- Suggestions: Map all banks, track known bank robbers, learn preve

25

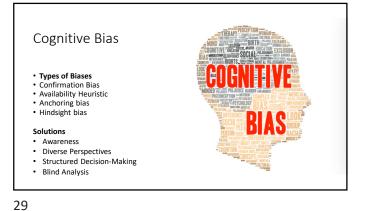


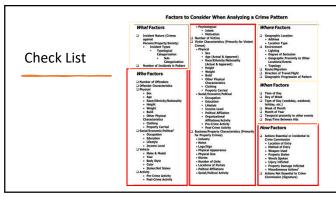
26



27







30

What's Next? 12-Part Tactical Series Webinars

January II th @ 1300 ET - Introduction to Tactical Crime Analysis - Jennifer Zawitz
 February Sh @ 1400 ET - Data Managemeni - Christopher Bruce
 March 7th @ 1400 ET - Intocking Scretts with Temporal and Geospatial Analysis - Dawn Reeby
 April II the @ 1400 ET - Intocking Scretts with Temporal and Geospatial Analysis - Dawn Reeby
 Jung 21M @ 1400 ET - Intocking Scretts with Temporal and Geospatial Analysis - Dawn Reeby
 Jung 13M @ 1400 ET - Intocking Scretts and Modus Operandi Unveiled - Dawn Reeby
 Jung 13M @ 1400 ET - Introduction to Forecasting - Anageha Backer-Hines
 August 8th @ 1400 ET - Temporal Analysis and Forecasting - Anageha Backer-Hines
 September 12th @ 1400 ET - Criminal Behavior and Tactical Profiling - Carlisopher Bruce
 October 10th @ 1300 ET - Tectical Products and Dissemination - Jennifer Zawitz
 November 14th @ 1400 ET - Lifetive Responses - Christopher Bruce
 October 14th @ 1400 ET - Arbite Arrest: Interogation, Jocumentation, Prosceution, Evaluation - Jennifer Zawitz
 November 14th @ 1400 ET - Arbite Arrest: Interogation, Documentation, Prosceution, Evaluation - Jennifer Zawitz



31

Resource Links <u>https://www.iaca.net/tactical-series-webinars</u> <u>https://www.iaca.net/training</u> <u>dawn@excellenceinanalytics.com</u> 12 Week Pattern Analysis Course (IACA)

32